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(54) Title: ELECTRET COMPOSITION ADAPTED FOR HIGH-SPEED PRINTING

(57) Abstract: A printing composition (10) that is constructed from an electrostatically charged sheet (12) having a top and bottom surface and a backing sheet (14). The backing sheet (14) includes a sheet of paper having top and bottom surfaces. The top surface includes a binding material (17) having a dielectric constant greater than that of the paper. The top surface of the backing sheet (14) is in contact with the bottom surface of the electrostatically charged sheet (12). The binding material (17) is preferably chosen to provide an electrostatic attraction between the electrostatically charged sheet (12) and the backing sheet (14) of between 10 g/inch and 80 g/inch. The binding material (17) can be constructed from a mixture of polymers, such as polyethylene, polypropylene, and polyurethane.

WO 02/24463 PCT/US01/29072

Electret C mposition Adapted for High-Speed Printing

Field of the Invention

This invention relates generally to printing on polymer electrostatically charged films, and more to an improved printing composition that is better adapted for printing in high-speed printing presses.

Background of the Invention

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It is common practice to affix printed posters, calendars and the like to a flat, vertical surface, e.g., a wall. The purposes for doing so are wide and varied. For example, there is the college student who wants to decorate his or her dorm walls but cannot afford framed pictures and is prohibited by school authorities from mounting any materials requiring nails to be imbedded in the walls. Like most students, this student will choose to decorate his or her dorm walls by affixing unframed printed posters with tape, tacks, or other adhesive materials.

Posters printed on electrostatically charged plastic films are particularly attractive for advertising and the like. The posters will adhere to a vertical surface for weeks or months without utilizing attachment methods that will damage the wall. The cost of the electrostatically charged material is substantially less than other products such as static cling vinyl which is often used for such purposes. In addition, electrostatically charged sheets will cling to a much larger class of surfaces than static cling vinyl.

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The thickness of the plastic sheets is preferably in the range of 0.001 to 0.005 inches. Thin sheets weigh less than thicker sheets, and hence, require less electrostatic charge to stick to a vertical surface. In addition, thin sheets have less material per square foot than thicker sheets, and hence, have lower material costs.

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Unfortunately, thin plastic sheets present problems when high speed printing presses are used to print the posters. To prevent stretching and other mechanical problems, the thin charged sheets must be attached to some form of thicker backing sheet that provides dimensional stability as well as stiffening of the article to be printed. The backing sheet also reduces the amount of electrostatic charge that is lost during the printing process and prevents the unprinted side of the sheet from accumulating dust via electrostatic attraction. The usual prior art backing sheet consists of a sheet of paper that is attached to the plastic sheet by an

adhesive at the edges of the sheets. The combination of adhesive and electrostatic charge is sufficient to assure that the two sheets do not separate in many applications. After the sheets are printed, the glued portions on the edges can be cut off leaving the charged sheet attached to the backing sheet solely by electrostatic force.

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While this methodology has been successful with some forms of printers, there are high speed printers that subject the partially glued sheets to sufficient forces to cause the sheets to de-laminate during the printing process, leading to undesirable consequences. In addition, some printing systems, such as flexographic printing presses, operate on relatively narrow widths of stock that lack space for glue strips on the edges. The partially glued sheets also present problems when printed by silk screen techniques.

In addition to causing problems at the printing stage, a poorly bound backing sheet can cause problems when the printed material is bound in magazines and the like. One particularly attractive use for electrostatically charged posters is for advertising. The electrostatically charged poster and backing sheet are bound in magazines with a perforated edge that allows the reader to pull out the poster. The machinery that inserts these inserts can exert sufficient force on the poster to de-laminate the sheets. The de-laminated sheets cause problems with the insertion mechanisms, and hence, cannot be used in this application.

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In principle, the electrostatically charged sheet could be glued to the backing sheet over its entire surface by using some form of low-tack adhesive. However, it has been found that such adhesives are transferred to the electrostatically charged sheets, which leads to a charged sheet with substantially reduced electrostatic adhesion properties.

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- Broadly, it is the object of the present invention to provide an improved backing sheet for electrostatically charged sheets.

It is a further object of the present invention to provide a backing sheet that does not need to be glued to the electrostatically charged sheet, while binding to that sheet with sufficient force to assure that the sheets will not de-laminate during printing, without binding so tightly that the sheets cannot be separated after printing.

These and other objects of the present invention will become apparent to those skilled in the art from the following detailed description of the invention and the accompanying drawings.

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Summary of the Invention

The present invention is a printing composition that is constructed from an electrostatically charged sheet having a top and bottom surface and a backing sheet. The backing sheet includes a sheet of paper having top and bottom surfaces. The top surface includes a binding material having a dielectric constant greater than that of the paper. The top surface of the backing sheet is in contact with the bottom surface of the electrostatically charged sheet. The binding material is preferably chosen to provide an adhesive force between the electrostatically charged sheet and the backing sheet of between 10 g/inch and 80 g/inch. The binding material can be constructed from a mixture of polymers, such as polyethylene, polyurethane, and polypropylene.

Brief Description of the Drawings

Figure 1 is an exploded perspective view of a printing composition 10 according to the present invention.

Detailed Description of the Invention

The ideal backing sheet would adhere to the electrostatically charged sheet by electrostatic or chemical attraction with sufficient force to assure that the sheets will not delaminate on passing through the printing presses or magazine insert insertion machinery. In addition, the attraction must not be so great that the sheets cannot be manually separated without damaging the thin plastic poster. Finally, the backing sheet must be inexpensive.

The electrostatic force with which the electrostatically charged sheet is bound to the backing sheet is determined by the dielectric constant of the backing sheet surface that is in contact with the electrostatically charged sheet. In addition, the backing sheet can be held in place by chemically-based adhesion forces. As noted above, a paper sheet does not bind with sufficient force to prevent de-lamination. On the other hand, paper represents the most

economical choice of material. Accordingly, the preferred embodiment of the present invention utilizes a paper backing sheet that has been coated with a material with a dielectric constant that is greater than that of the untreated paper and which also interacts chemically with the plastic of the electrostatically charged sheet. In the preferred embodiment of the present invention, the coating material is a mixture of polymers.

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In the preferred embodiment of the present invention, the charged sheet is laminated onto the backer by bringing webs of the two materials in contact and applying pressure through a pair of rubber-coated nip rollers. The webs are under elastic tension. As noted above, there are two components to the adhesive force, the electrostatic force and the chemical adhesion force. The magnitude of the electrostatic force is related to the dielectric constant of the polymer coating on the backer. The magnitude of the chemical adhesion force is related to the surface energy of the two materials, the applied pressure, temperature, and time of contact. In the present application, the bonding is assumed to be limited to relatively weak Van der Waals bonds between the polymers, since the polymers have low surface energies. It should be noted that joining two high surface energy materials by this method can produce permanent adhesion as in a roll-bonding operation. Such permanent adhesion is to be avoided, since the sheets cannot be manually separated.

Refer now to Figure 1, which is an exploded perspective view of a printing composition 10 according to the present invention. Printing composition 10 is constructed from an electrostatically charged sheet 12 that is in contact with a backing sheet 14. Electrostatically charged sheet 12 is has a printing surface 16 which accepts ink during the printing process. Printing surface 16 may include one or more coating layers that aid in the absorption of ink. Such layers are particularly useful when water-based inks such as those utilized in inkjet printers are used.

Backing sheet 14 is coated with a high dielectric constant material 17 on the side that makes contact with electrostatically charged sheet 12. The dielectric constant and chemical composition must be chosen such that the binding force is in the correct range for the printing and insertion machinery, while not being so great that the electrostatically charged sheet 12 cannot be removed manually from backing sheet 14 without damaging electrostatically

charged sheet 12. In the preferred embodiment of the present invention, a mixture of polymer is utilized for the coating. For example, a mixture of polyethylene, polypropylene, and polyurethane, can be utilized. The ratio of the polymers to one another in the mixture determines the dielectric constant of the resulting coating. The dielectric constant is adjusted such that the binding force between electrostatically charged sheet 12 and backing sheet 14 is between 10 g/inch and 80 g/inch. The adhesion between the backer sheet and the thin charged sheet can be measured by a peel test as described in ASTM D1876-95. In this test the force required to remove the charged sheet from the backer at a 180° angle is measured. The results are reported in grams of pull force per inch of width of the sample. Since the binding force also depends on the degree to which the electrostatically charged sheet is charged, the ratio of polymers that provides the correct binding force will depend both on the material from which the electrostatically charged sheet 12 is constructed and the degree to which that material was charged.

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In addition to providing improved binding of the electrostatically charged sheet to the backing sheet, the high dielectric coating provides another advantage. It is found experimentally, that when the electrostatically charged sheet is separated from the backing sheet, additional charge is transferred to the electrostatically charged sheet. That is, the act of separating the two sheets actually increases the electrostatic charge on the electrostatically charged sheet. This increase in charge is believed to result from the chemical interaction of the backing sheet and the electrostatically charged sheet. The relative magnitudes of the chemical and electrostatic adhesions can be estimated from the increase in adhesion observed after the sheets have been in contact with one another for some period of time. For example, after aging for 70 hours at 52°C, the adhesion measured by the peel test increased by a factor of between two and three over an unaged sample. Since the electrostatic attraction does not change with heat, the increase is due to the chemical attraction.

The preferred thickness of the backing sheet is determined by the requirements of the printing or insertion handling machinery. Thin sheets have the advantage of lower cost; however, there is a minimum thickness that must be maintained for the sheets to be processed by the machinery. In the preferred embodiment of the present invention, the backing sheet has a thickness between 4 mil and 10 mil.

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The electrostatically charged sheet can be constructed from a number of different materials. The production of electrostatically charged sheets from polyester or polypropylene films is well known in the electret arts. Polyester films that have been coated to provide an ink absorbent surface for printing in inject printers are also known to the printing arts. This material is used in conventional printing presses to generate posters and packaging materials. For example, polyester film with an acrylic coating suitable for printing may be obtained from Apollo Presentation Products, Ronkonkoma, NY 11779. Similar films are sold for generating transparencies using inkjet printers. Polyester sheets of this type may be charged by placing the sheets in an electric field which is typically 10,000 volts/cm. The sheets may be heated to increase the remnant electric field. In the preferred embodiment of the present invention, a polyester film having a thickness between 0.001 inches and 0.004 inches is passed between rollers and subjected to an electric field and corona discharge to charge the film. This film is then backed with backing sheet 14 by bringing the two sheets in contact with one another. However, other films based on polypropylene, with or without coatings, can be utilized.

Various modifications to the present invention will become apparent to those skilled in the art from the foregoing description and accompanying drawings. Accordingly, the present invention is to be limited solely by the scope of the following claims.

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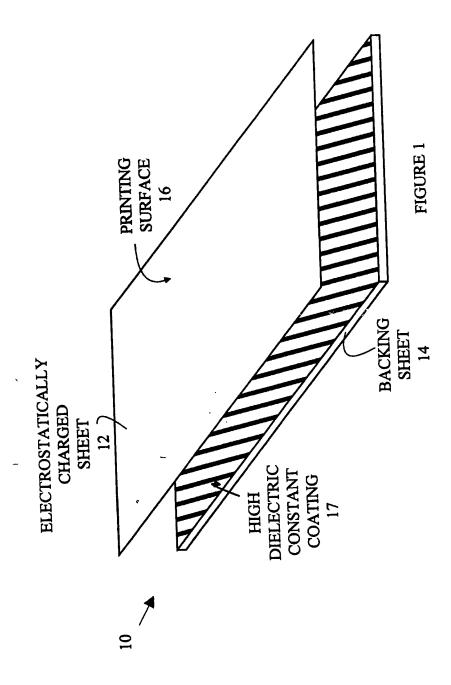
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WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

- 1. A printing composition[10] comprising:
- an electrostatically charged sheet[12] having a top and a bottom surface; and

a backing sheet[14] comprising a sheet of paper having a top and a bottom surface, said top surface comprising a binding material[17] having a dielectric constant greater than that of said paper, said top surface of said backing sheet[14] being in contact with said bottom surface of said electrostatically charged sheet[12].

- 2. The printing composition[10] of Claim 1, wherein said binding material[17] comprises a mixture of polymers.
- 3. The printing composition[10] of Claim 2 wherein said mixture of polymer comprises polyethylene and polypropylene.
 - 4. The printing composition[10] of Claim 1 wherein said binding material[17] is chosen to provide an attraction between said electrostatically charged sheet[12] and said backing sheet[14] of between 10 g/inch and 80 g/inch.
 - 5. The printing composition[10] of Claim 1 wherein said electrostatically charged sheet [12] comprises polyethylene or polypropylene.
- 6. The printing composition[10] of Claim 1 wherein said electrostatically charged sheet [12] has a thickness between 4 -10 mils.
 - 7. The printing composition[10] of Claim 1 wherein said sheet of paper has a thickness of 4-10 mils.



INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.

PCT/US01/29072

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SURJECT MATTER IPC(7) = Ball M.576, 500: 8298 706 US CL : 428/411,1.31; 156/71 B. FIELDS SEARCHED Minimum documentation searched cleastification (IPC) or to both national classification symbols) U.S. : 428/411,1.31; 156/71 Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched Bilectronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practicable, search terms used) Please Sec Continuation Sheet C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT Category ** Special categories of cited documents ** See patent family annex. ** See patent family annex. ** Category ** Categ					
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Y US 5,908,723 A (MALHOTRA et al) 01 June 1999 (01.06.1999), column 4, lines 39-40; column 8, line 63 through column 9, line 8; claim 4. US 4,992,121 A (RUBINO) 12 February 1991 (12.02.1991), whole document. Special categories of cited documents: *A* document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance; the claimed document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication or paters published on or after the international filing date when the document are relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document state above an inventive step when the document step when the document step when the document step when the document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document or other supectal reason (as specified) "C" document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means document published prior to the international liling date but later than the priority date claimed decument in the supplication of the actual completion of the international search Date of the actual completion of the international search Date of mailing address of the ISA/US Commissioner of particular relevance; the claimed invention carnot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document step when th	lines 23-28; column 1, line 26.	lines 23-28; column 1, line 26.			
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